Operations of CIA Defended by Rusk

Asks Understanding In Conference Talk

By BERNARD GWERTZMAN

acknowledged a strong feeling of discontent by many prominent citizens toward U.S. policy in Viet Nam—particularly toward the continued bombins.

Rusk said the administration toward the continued bombing of North Viet Nam.

As the White House Conference on International Cooperation ended yesterday, these sources who participated in the conference said it was obvious to them that many of the 2,000 delegates were very unhappy with the U.S. policy.

tioned Viet Nam, but the subject kept popping up during the panel discussions and was noted during yesterday afternoon's summation of the three-day

This discontent led Secretary of State Dean Rusk to make an impassioned plea for understanding in one of his most eloquent public appearances.

Door "Wide Open"

Speaking from notes, and then answering Rusk told a luncheon audience or 'z.' that the United States was keeping the door to peace "wide open," and that President "every week" and so far has Johnson wanted to move the learned nothing to indicate that war from the "battlefield to the conference table."

with the group, Rusk said that the Communists made no if there are any in the room attempt to participate in meanwho thought they had "sure and ingful talks.

People need to "approach the question on their knees." The leaders of the world "need your prayers and not your imprecations."

The question, he said, is "how best to establish peace." He

"This is a question that makes pygmies of everyone."

Queried by Cousins

During the question period, he was asked by Norman Cousins, editor of the Saturday Review, Star Staff Writer if Americans could be loyal and Administration sources have sophisticated on foreign policy

Rusk said the administration clearly knows the difference between disloyalty and dissent, and indicated that it was unfortunate that loyal citizens take the same position as the Communist party apparatus.

He spent considerable time discussing the administration's rationale for continuing the raids in the face of criticism not None of the 30 committee only from Americans but also reports to the conference men- from many foreign governments as well.

Sees Foe Unwilling

Rusk first discussed the making government policy. criticism offered by those who urge a halt in the raids. These Rusk said "the CIA does no critics generally say that if the make policy and does not raids are stopped the "proper initiate actions unknown to the atmosphere" for Viet Nam talks high policy leaders of the can be created. can be created.

The secretary said this "is not something to speculate about."

He said it is possible to say

written questions, otherside might do 'x' 'y'

a halt in the bombing would lead to peace discussions.

As if wanting to share his frustration in se eking peace by the United States last May,

bombing as a step peace."

Wins Applause

Before he could continue, there was applause from the

no favorable response.

On the other matters, Rusk defended the Central Intelligence Agency, saying that it was doing a good job, and not

In answer to a question

"There is a tough battle going on in back alleys all over the world. It is not a field that can "If you stop the bomging, the be left entirely to the other side," Rusk said.

Cites Commitment

In his opening remarks, Rusk said that the main question, posed by Vict Nam is whether an American commitment to help a small country resist outside force would be honored. He said if it were not, "there are capitals that could make a monstrous miscalculation."

He said there were hopeful signs that the whole world. sound answers" to the Viet Nam Then, Rusk said, "I am not realizes now that a nuclear questions, they ought "to take now excluding a stop in the exchange is not a matter of care." toward rational policy, and that the days of massive crossing of borders by organized divisions is also dying out.

> But he said it was necessary audience.
> Rusk then added that the especially Red China—that contacts continue with the other infiltration, or wars of national side, but so far there has been liberation, are also not accepta-